



Using Dawn and Dusk in Social Studies

Dawn and Dusk introduces readers to Iran, a complex country that figures prominently in the daily news. This book provides children with a window into a region beset by conflicts begun years ago and serves as an excellent jumping-off point for learning more about the Middle East, a region that plays an important role in US politics. Dawn and Dusk:

- tells the individual story of one Iranian child and his family;
- provides cultural information on the Kurdish minority living in Iran;
- relates the bombing of Sardasht, an incident made possible through international arms sales;
- portrays the Iran-Iraq war, a conflict with global implications;
- shows the tragic human cost of war;
- relates a family's flight toward freedom and eventual immigration to the U.S.;
- portrays different cultures, political perspectives, and world views; and
- tells how one boy must choose between divorced parents and their conflicting political ideals.

Dawn and Dusk by Alice Mead Farrar, Straus & Giroux ISBN-13: 978-0-374-31708-9. Ages 10-14. \$16.00. The following pages provide teachers with several suggestions as to how they might incorporate *Dawn and Dusk* into the social studies curriculum. You will also find ideas about how *Dawn and Dusk* can be used across disciplines to build skills in characterization, theme, setting, ethical choices, research, and cultural awareness.

Social Studies Activities Azad talks about hearing gun-Have students trace a map of Have students use several maps These exercised build the folfire and he lives through the Azad's flight from Iran to to chart Iran's physical features. lowing skills: chemical bombing of Sardasht. Maine. How many countries Ask them to show the distribu-Ask students to **research** the does he pass through? How tion of significant resources. • Research weapons used by both sides in many continents? How many How does the geography affect the Iraq-Iran war. What counmiles did he travel? How does the distribution of people, relig-• Developing positions tries provided these weapons the geography of the region ious sects, ethnic populations? help or hinder his travels? and why? Which type of How does the geography sepa-• Mapping weapons killed the most rate and unite the various peopeople? Compare this to other ples of Iran? • Compare and contrast wars and conflicts, including the current conflict in Iraq. Discussion Divide students into two groups, one pro, one con, to discuss whether or not the U.S. should provide weapons to other countries.

Setting the Scene: A Historical Perspective

Azad, a 13-year-old Kurdish boy lives in Sardasht, Iran located along the mountainous border with Iraq. In the 1980s when the story takes place, Iran and Iraq have been at war for years.

During the war, Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein was a U.S. ally in the region, and we supplied his forces with weapons.

Despite living in a country ravaged by war, Azad leads a pretty normal life, going to school, playing with friends, and visiting his mother and favorite uncle, who live in a nearby mountain village. Everything changes the day Saddam Hussein gasses Sardasht [with chemical weapons provided by the West], an event that forces Azad to more closely examine his allegiances. Divided by conflicting loyalties between his country Iran and his Kurdish heritage, as well as between his divorced parents, Azad is forced to take sides.

Dawn and Dusk provides valuable insight into the lives of children in Iran, a country we know little about, and the life of its large Kurdish minority. Today, the US is caught up in a complex, dangerous involvement in the region. Without the back-story, the brief newsbites we see on the nightly news make little sense.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

Introduction to Dawn and Dusk

http://www.flashpoints.info/CB-Iraq.htm (background on Iraq)

http://www.flashpoints.info/CB-Iran.htm (background on Iran)

http://www.timeforkids.com/TFK/ (background on Iran, Iraq, Middle East)

http://www.unicef.org/iran/ (background on Iran)

http://www.geocities.com/~ghobad/ (Kurdish culture in Iran)

http://www.khrw.org/
(Kurdish refugees in America)

http://www.un.org/cyberschoolbus/ (peace, UN, human rights, discrimination)

Social Studies Activities

These exercises build the following skills:

- Research
- Developing positions
- Mapping
- Compare and contrast
- Discussion

Geography

Ask students to compare and contrast maps of the Middle East from before WWI and now? after WWII and now? Discuss with students how artificial barriers (country lines) might contribute to conflict between countries, in particular between Iran and Iraq. Could the countries remapping the region have predicted some of the conflicts in the region?

Immigrants

Ask students to **discuss** the reasons why Azad and his family fled Iran. For what other reasons might a family leave their country of birth? What kind of difficulties did Azad and his family face? What might be strange to Azad about his new home in Maine? What might be similar? Have students decide whether Azad can ever return to Iran and **defend their positions**.

Refugees

Azad and his family are refugees. Ask students to **research** the difference between immigrant and refugee status. How is a person's status decided? **Discuss** what kinds of rules, privileges, and responsibilities come with being an immigrant to the U.S.? Being a refugee in the U.S.?

Minority Cultures

Ask students to photocopy o map of the region, including Iran, Iraq, Syria, and Turkey. Superimpose a map of Kurdistan, as the Kurds view it. How have the Kurds been treated in these countries? Had Azad not left Iran, what might he be doing today (he would be in his early twenties).

Have students research why the Kurds want their own country. Ask students to determine if they think an independent Kurdistan is likely and to defend their position.

Human Rights

The U.N. has identified many human rights which the member countries including Iran have ratified and agreed to uphold. Some of these rights include non-discrimination against ethnic minorities (like the Kurds), freedom of religion, a right to an education, and the right to a political voice.

Ask students to **research** human rights as defined by the U.N. Have students **select** a human right and study its status in Iran today. Have the students determine what the U.N. might do to improve access to this right for all Iranians. How might Iran react?

Global Ties

In *Dawn and Dusk*, Azad hears a chant, "Death to America."
Today the U.S. refers to Iran as an "axis of evil." These are two very different views.

Compare and contrast these divergent views. What does the U.S. views as it's role in Iran and Iraq? How does our history inform our perspective? How does Iran views the U.S. presence in the region? How does Iran's history inform their viewpoint? What are the U.S. interests in the region? How do they affect our decisions about Iran and Iraq?

Dawn and Dusk
Across Disciplines

The activities at right suggest ways that *Dawn* and *Dusk* can be used in other curriculum areas.

Writing

Characterization

acters in Dawn and Dusk,

such as Leila or Hiwa

Ask students to write a brief

incident from one of the char-

Foreign Language

Ask students to learn the Kurdish equivalent for some common phrases. (My name is. Hello. Good-bye. etc.)

Reading

Ask students to take turns reading excerpts from one of the Arabian Nights fairy tales.

Music

Arts

Have students listen to some Kurdish music. How does it differ from the music they normally listen to? How is it similar.

Art

Have students make a tile decorated with traditional Kurdish motifs.

Kurdish Culture Day

Ask students to research Kurdish food, art, music, and clothing. Have them incorporate their research into a celebration of the Kurdish New Year on March 20.

Arabian Tale

Have students write a fairy tale in the manner of the *Tales of the Arabian Nights*.

Unity & Diversity

Ask students to write an essay about how their lives are similar to and different from Azad's. Consider family, religion, home environment, music, play, food, geography, physical surroundings, cultural standards, political climate, an day-to-day activities.

CELEBRATING DIVERSITY, FINDING UNITY

Ask students to explore the different cultures and ethnicities in their own community. Students can prepare a questionnaire asking about family heritage, ethnic background, how they arrived in Maine, and cultural traditions. They can interview grandparents, shop owners, church members, and other adults in their community. The class can compile all the students information and design a display charting all the different kinds of people who live in their community. Ask them to explore how all these distinct individuals come together to create a community.

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